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MEXICO.

Beriberi and trachoma.

The following is received from Consul-General Gottschalk, at the city of Mexico, under date of November 16:

Beriberi and trachoma have of late been found to be present in Mexico.

The port of Salina Cruz, the Pacific terminal of the Tehuantepec Railroad, which railroad is in direct communication with the greater part of the Republic, receives from 500 to 1,000 Asiatic coolies monthly. Altho quarantine precautions are taken at Salina Cruz with this class of immigrants, there is always some danger of their carrying the disease inland to the plantations. During the past two years 150 cases of beriberi have been treated at Salina Cruz by the medical officers of the port.

Trachoma has been found present among children in one of the schools of the Republic. The disease is believed to have been imported into the Republic by immigrants.

Report from Veracruz—One case of yellow fever.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Frick reports, November 28, as follows: November 26. A case of yellow fever was officially reported.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Status of leprosy in the islands.

The following statement is taken from the report of the board of health for the second quarter of 1906:

Reports received of lepers living in the various provinces of the Philippine Islands.

Province.	Race.	Number of males.	Number of females.	Total.
Abra	Filipino	6	5	11
Albay	do	31	16	47
Ambos Camarines	do	53	15	68
Antique	do	67	50	117
Bataan	do	14	9	23
Batangas	do	18	11	29
Benguet ^a	do	32	11	43
Bohol	do	78	55	133
Bulacan	do	27	15	42
Cagayan	do	48	46	94
Capiz	do	36	14	50
Cavite	do	42	24	66
Cebu ^b	do	442	259	701
Ilocos Norte	do	78	40	118
Ilocos Sur	do	149	86	235
Iloilo	do	104	47	151
Isabela	do	9	3	12
La Laguna	do	14	11	25
Lepanto Bontoc ^a	do	15	4	19
Leyte	do	34	24	^c 58
Masbate	do	13	10	23
Misamis	do	44	12	56
Moro ^a	Moro	143	77	220
Negros Occidental	Filipino	26	8	34
Negros Oriental	do	59	40	99
Nueva Ecija	do	31	16	47
Nueva Vizcaya ^a	do	2	4	6
Pampanga	do	15	9	24

^a Revised reports not received.

^b Three hundred and sixty-five lepers were taken from this province May 27, 1906, and were the first to be transferred to the new leper colony on the island of Cullion, Philippine Islands.